

## Quicksort

Quicksort( $A, \ell, r$ ):

1. if  $\ell < r$  do % if there are at least two elements in  $A[\ell, \dots, r]$
2.      $p \leftarrow \text{Partition}(A, \ell, r)$   
          % partition using  $A[r]$  as the pivot element,  
          %  $p$  is the position the the pivot element
3.     Quicksort( $A, \ell, p - 1$ )
4.     Quicksort( $A, p + 1, r$ )

Partition( $A, \ell, r$ ):

1.  $x \leftarrow A[r]$  % x is the pivot element
2.  $i \leftarrow \ell$  % all  $A[j]$  where  $j \leq i - 1$  will satisfy  $A[j] \leq x$
3. for  $k$  from  $\ell$  to  $r - 1$  do  
    % at the beginning of the loop:  $A[j] > x$  for every  $j$  such that  $i \leq j \leq k - 1$
4.     if  $A[k] < x$  do
5.         swap  $A[i]$  and  $A[k]$
6.          $i \leftarrow i + 1$
7.     end if
8. end for
9. swap  $A[i]$  and  $A[r]$
10. return  $i$